



The *Prosperity Now Scorecard* equips advocates, policymakers, practitioners and others with data on how residents in states, counties and cities are faring when it comes to their financial health and whether opportunities to prosper are equitable. These data jump-start a conversation about solutions and policies to put all households on stronger financial footing.

| Financial Assets & Inco                             |                                |                      |                      |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                     | PLACE DATA                     | STATE DATA           | US DATA              |
| ncome Poverty Rate                                  | 10.3%                          | 12.2%                | 12.7%                |
| Asset Poverty Rate                                  | 27.2%                          | 23.7%                | 24.1%                |
| Inbanked Households                                 | 7.1%                           | 7.4%                 | 6.5%                 |
| Inderbanked Households                              | 17.3%                          | 17.6%                | 18.7%                |
| iquid Asset Poverty Rate                            | 35.3%                          | 33.9%                | 36.9%                |
| louseholds with Zero Net Worth                      | 16.3%                          | 14.5%                | 15.7%                |
| ncome Inequality                                    | 5.4x as high for top 20%       |                      |                      |
| Businesses & Jobs                                   |                                |                      |                      |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                     | PLACE DATA                     | STATE DATA           | US DATA              |
| Jnemployment Rate                                   | 5.7%                           | 4.1%                 | 3.7%                 |
| Business Value by Race, Employer Business           | 1.52 : 1                       | 1.77 : 1             | 1.84 : 1             |
| Business Value by Race,<br>Nonemployer Business     | 1.72 : 1                       | 1.51 : 1             | 1.47 : 1             |
| Business Value by Gender,<br>Employer Business      | 1.7x as high for men           | 1.8x as high for men | 1.9x as high for men |
| Business Value by Gender, Non-<br>Employer Business | 1.7x as high for men           | 1.7x as high for men | 1.9x as high for men |
| lomeownership & Hou                                 | sing                           |                      |                      |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                     | PLACE DATA                     | STATE DATA           | US DATA              |
| Iomeownership Rate                                  | 48.6%                          | 54.8%                | 63.9%                |
| Affordability of Homes                              | 8.2x higher than median income |                      |                      |
| lousing Cost Burden - Renters                       | 57.4%                          | 54.6%                | 49.7%                |
| lousing Cost Burden - Homeowners                    | 42.2%                          | 38.2%                | 27.7%                |
| lealth Care   |                                |                      |                      |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                     | PLACE DATA                     | STATE DATA           | US DATA              |
| Ininsured Rate                                      | 10.3%                          | 8.3%                 | 10.4%                |
| Jninsured Low-Income Children                       | 4.8%                           | 4.0%                 | 7.1%                 |
| Employer Provided Insurance Coverage                | 52.7%                          | 55.9%                | 59.5%                |
| ducation  |                                |                      |                      |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                     | PLACE DATA                     | STATE DATA           | US DATA              |
| Early Childhood Education Enrollment                | 54.7%                          | 48.9%                | 48.2%                |
| arry Childricou Education Enrollment                | 34.1 /0                        | 10.070               | 10.270               |

In order to generate more robust estimates at the local level, specifically estimates disaggregated by race, many local estimates are derived using five-year data averages. For more information on how local estimates are calculated, <u>visit scorecard.prosperitynow.org/methodology</u>.

# LOS ANGELES, CA METRO

# **OUTCOMES BY RACE & ETHNICITY**

Racial economic inequality limits a household's ability to achieve prosperity, and it is important to explore the impact that race and ethnicity have on outcomes. See the table below for the available data by race and ethnicity on key Scorecard outcomes in your community. The acknowledgement of disparities between populations and their origins make our data clearer and our policy and programmatic solutions stronger.

| Financial Assets & Inc                          | come     |               |                    |             |                    |             |             |             |
|---|----------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                 | OVERALL  | WHITE,<br>NH* | PEOPLE OF COLOR    | BLACK       | AMERICAN<br>INDIAN | ASIAN       | NHPI**      | LATINO      |
| Income Poverty Rate                             | 10.3%    | 4.7%          | 13.9%              | 15.2%       | 13.5%              | 7.8%        | 9.6%        | 15.3%       |
| Asset Poverty Rate                              | 27.2%    | 17.8%         | 33.3%              | 44.3%       | 31.2%              | 16.3%       | -           | 38.9%       |
| Unbanked Households                             | 7.1%     | 2.4%          | 9.4%               | 11.6%       | 9.9%               | 2.0%        | -           | 12.3%       |
| Underbanked Households                          | 17.3%    | 13.4%         | 28.7%              | 29.2%       | 22.1%              | 20.3%       | -           | 32.6%       |
| Liquid Asset Poverty Rate                       | 35.3%    | 19.6%         | 46.1%              | 47.2%       | 35.3%              | 23.7%       | -           | 56.5%       |
| Households with Zero Net Worth                  | 16.3%    | 12.7%         | 18.6%              | 33.2%       | -                  | 9.2%        | -           | 19.7%       |
| Businesses & Jobs                               |          |               |                    |             |                    |             |             |             |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                 | OVERALL  | WHITE,<br>NH* | PEOPLE<br>OF COLOR | BLACK       | AMERICAN<br>INDIAN | ASIAN       | NHPI**      | LATINO      |
| Unemployment Rate                               | 5.7%     | 4.6%          | 5.0%               | 7.9%        | 6.7%               | 4.0%        | 5.9%        | 5.4%        |
| Business Value by Race, Employer Business       | 1.52 : 1 | \$2,647,793   | \$1,737,367        | \$1,113,083 | \$3,171,989        | \$1,798,958 | \$1,788,309 | \$1,495,216 |
| Business Value by Race,<br>Nonemployer Business | 1.72 : 1 | \$66,071      | \$38,472           | \$26,933    | \$33,585           | \$47,781    | \$31,480    | \$34,172    |
| Homeownership & Ho                              | using    |               |                    |             |                    |             |             |             |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                 | OVERALL  | WHITE,<br>NH* | PEOPLE OF COLOR    | BLACK       | AMERICAN<br>INDIAN | ASIAN       | NHPI**      | LATINO      |
| Homeownership Rate                              | 48.6%    | 57.5%         | 42.7%              | 33.5%       | 42.5%              | 55.9%       | 38.0%       | 38.7%       |
| Affordability of Homes                          | 8.40 : 1 | 6.6 : 1       | -                  | 12.2 : 1    | 10.0 : 1           | 7.3 : 1     | 7.9 : 1     | 10.5 : 1    |
| Health Care                                     |          |               |                    |             |                    |             |             |             |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                 | OVERALL  | WHITE,<br>NH* | PEOPLE OF COLOR    | BLACK       | AMERICAN INDIAN    | ASIAN       | NHPI**      | LATINO      |
| Uninsured Rate                                  | 10.3%    | 5.3%          | 13.2%              | 7.5%        | 15.3%              | 6.8%        | 7.9%        | 15.0%       |
| Education                                       |          |               |                    |             |                    |             |             |             |
| OUTCOME MEASURE                                 | OVERALL  | WHITE,<br>NH* | PEOPLE<br>OF COLOR | BLACK       | AMERICAN<br>INDIAN | ASIAN       | NHPI**      | LATINO      |
| Four-Year College Degree                        | 34.5%    | 50.1%         | 26.4%              | 27.3%       | 16.6%              | 53.4%       | 21.5%       | 13.3%       |

<sup>\*</sup> White, Non-Hispanic \*\* Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

## Limitations of Scorecard Data by Race & Ethnicity

Where possible, the Scorecard disaggregates measures for racial and ethnic groups within communities, but as our sources are primarily national surveys, there are limitations to the data we publish. For each population, we use the data for people identifying only as that racial or ethnic group and have a minimum threshold for the number of observations available to produce an estimate. The result is significant amount of missing data for populations of color, particularly outside of states and the largest local areas. In addition, we use aggregate definitions of populations (e.g., "Asian," "Latino") which group people with ancestry from a variety of countries and varying backgrounds, concealing diversity and economic disparity within groups.

The Scorecard data offer a starting place for understanding financial health in your community, but you may want to dig deeper. More detailed data may exist in state or local data sources not included in the Scorecard, or you may want to collection information directly from community members.

# LOCAL POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

# A MUNICIPAL POLICY BLUEPRINT FOR A MORE INCLUSIVE PATH TO PROSPERITY

Though the Scorecard does not assess localities on local-level policy measures, Prosperity Now has assembled resources into a guide for municipal policymakers and advocates that may be used to enact policies that can have positive impacts on the Scorecard's local outcome measures—A Municipal Blueprint for a More Inclusive Path to Prosperity. This Municipal Blueprint presents meaningful, manageable and moveable policy solutions seen below in four key areas that can be tailored to fit distinct local contexts and build financial security within communities of color while also highlighting approaches and strategies designed to strengthen efforts toward enacting and implementing these solutions.





- Raise the minimum wage in line with the local cost of living
- Promote and provide access to safe and affordable banking products
- Promote free and low-cost tax prep services and tax credits



- Inventory and reform municipal fines and fees
- · Enact responsible banking ordinances
- · Regulate predatory small-dollar lending and products



# Support Affordable Housing and Homeownership

- Keep residents in their homes by helping avoid evictions, prohibiting source of income discrimination for low-income renters, and providing mortgage foreclosure and property tax diversion programs for homeowners
- Support programs to make homeownership more affordable



# Right-Side Up Tax

- Encourage saving for college through a Children's Saving Account program
- Prioritize entrepreneurs of color for procurement and contracting
- · Ease financial barriers to obtaining citizenship

## ABOUT LOCAL POLICY AT PROSPERITY NOW

These policies are not silver bullets, nor will they be equally successful in every city. When adapting these policies, cities should fit these solutions to their specific local contexts to address and evaluate potential policies' impacts on racial wealth equity. Contact us at <a href="mailto:policy@prosperitynow.org">policy@prosperitynow.org</a> for more information on how we can support your state and local financial security policy agendas.

The Municipal Policy Blueprint is also available at prosperitynow.org/resources/municipal-policy-blueprint-more-inclusive-path-prosperity.

# LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH-SANTA ANA, CA

### **DEMOGRAPHICS**



13,249,614



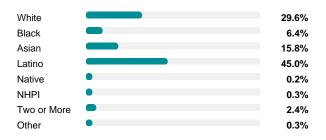
HOUSEHOLDS 4,354,287

### HOUSEHOLD INCOME QUINTILES

| Lowest Quintile  | \$0 to \$28,546       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2nd Quintile     | \$28,547 to \$56,398  |
| 3rd Quintile     | \$56,399 to \$92,050  |
| 4th Quintile     | \$92,051 to \$150,217 |
| Highest Quintile | Over \$150.217        |

#### MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME \$72,998 White \$92,580 Black \$50,101 Asian \$83,677 Latino \$58,426 Native \$61,590 NHPI \$77,244 \$77,460 Two or More Other \$54,601

## **RACE AND ETHNICITY (% OF POPULATION)**



## AGE (% OF THE POPULATION)

| Under 18    |       | 22.0% |
|-------------|-------|-------|
| 18 to 24    |       | 9.6%  |
| 25 to 44    |       | 29.2% |
| 45 to 64    |       | 25.6% |
| 65 and Over |       | 13.5% |
|             |       |       |
| DEODI E W   | 7.00/ |       |



Prosperity Now is committed to continuing our support of and partnerships with our movement of committed advocates and practitioners seeking to create a clear path to financial stability, wealth and prosperity. The Prosperity Now Community expands our reach, creates strong connections between those in our community and mobilizes advocates to create lasting social change.

The Prosperity Now Community facilitates learning, creates connections and inspires action to create and improve programs and policies that foster opportunity, especially for those who have not had it before. Our unwavering commitment to creating prosperity includes efforts on a wide range of issues, such as consumer protections, equity in the tax code, increasing affordable housing and removing barriers to saving and building wealth.

To Join the Community, visit <u>prosperitynow.org/get-involved</u>

### **COMMUNITY CHAMPIONS IN CALIFORNIA**

Alameda County Community Asset Network — Oakland, CA

California Asset Building Coalition — San Francisco, CA

Capital Region Prosperity Network — Sacramento, CA

Mission Asset Fund — San Francisco, CA

### ABOUT PROSPERITY NOW



Prosperity Now (formerly CFED) believes that everyone deserves a chance to prosper. Since 1979, we have helped make it possible for millions of people, especially people of color and those of limited incomes, to achieve financial security, stability and, ultimately, prosperity. We offer a unique combination of scalable practical solutions, in-depth research and proven policy solutions, all aimed at building wealth for those who need it most.