

July 10, 2020

The Honorable Philip Ting Chair, Assembly Budget Committee California State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814 The Honorable Jim Cooper Chair, Assembly Budget Subcommittee 4 California State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: 3-year funding to create the Department of Financial Protection and Innovation and the associated trailer bill language amending the Corporate Code and Financial Code – **SUPPORT with Amendments**

Dear Chairs Ting and Cooper:

Small businesses are facing unprecedented challenges. As we emerge from shelter-at-home, Californians will come face-to-face with shuttered storefronts in our neighborhoods, and with our friends and family

who have lost their jobs. The best social service program is a job, and small businesses account for half of California employment. California cannot afford to lose more small businesses.

We are a coalition of nonprofit community development and advocacy organizations, and for-profit fintech and small business lending companies that have come together in support of the Governor's effort to provide small businesses with the protections they so critically need from the proposed Department of Financial Protection and Innovation (DFPI). Above all, these small business protections must not be removed from the trailer bill. Additionally, we are concerned that without a few simple clarifications, this mandate to protect small businesses will not function as intended.

Small business protection is crucial to our economic recovery. For years, California small businesses have faced an epidemic of predatory lending and today, the predatory lending vultures are circling. California small businesses commonly pay effective APRs that can average 90%—sometimes as be high as 350%—in payday-like cycles of reborrowing, without these APRs ever being disclosed to them.¹

Now, small business owners facing desperate situations contend with unsolicited calls and faxes promising fast cash without disclosing the true price. To ensure that small business are able to access capital without abuse or deception, we strongly urge you to maintain the small business protections in the trailer bill and implement the following three clarifications:

1. Clarify the contradictory definitions of covered small business financing activity

The bill currently includes small business financing within the authority of the DFPI, but the definition of "covered person" is contradictory with respect to small business financing.² As a result, the DFPI would have oversight over a handful of responsible non-bank licensees, leaving the entire high-cost segment of the market free of oversight.

Policy Recommendation: Clarify that "covered persons," defined in 90005(f), includes small business financing "providers" as defined in Division 9.5 22800(m). Similarly, clarify that the acts described in 90003(a) apply to "commercial financing" as defined in Division 9.5 2280(d) of the California Financial Code, and the activities described in 90006(a) apply "with respect to covered persons."

2. Clarify that the DFPI's small business financing data collection includes products like cash advances

The bill grants the DFPI the ability to collect data on how small businesses are being served by financing products. The ability of the DFPI to research and understand the market will enable better-informed rulemaking. It can also spur innovation by spotlighting what works in supporting underserved, minority-owned, and women-owned small businesses and where service gaps remain. However, the bill text refers only to "lending," inadvertently leaving out alternative commercial financing products like merchant cash advances.

 $^{^{1}\,\}underline{\text{https://www.opportunityfund.org/blog/unaffordable-and-unsustainable-new-opportunity-fund-report/}$

² Chapter 90010 states that DFPI's oversight powers "shall apply to... any covered person" including for the purpose of, "[d]etecting and assessing risks to consumers, *small businesses*, and to markets for consumer financial products and services." Similarly, 90009(e) addresses DFPI's powers with respect "unfair, deceptive, and abusive acts and practices in connection with covered persons to *small businesses*,..." (italics added.) However, "covered person" is defined in 90005(f) as a provider, affiliate, or service provider of a "*consumer* financial product or service," with no mention of small business financial products or services.

Policy Recommendation: In the data collection section 90009(e), "lending" should be replaced by "commercial financing" defined in Division 9.5 2280(d).

3. Clarify that the DFPI can enforce Division 9.5 "Commercial Financing Disclosures"

The California State Legislature led the nation by passing the first small business financial protection bill of the modern era with overwhelming bipartisan support in 2018. SB 1235 became the first law in the country to provide basic truth-in-lending standards for small business financing. It is enacted in Division 9.5 of the California Financial Code. We estimate that Division 9.5 could save California small businesses \$617 million to \$2.9 billion and stimulate \$665 million to \$5.4 billion in new economic activity throughout the state *annually*—if it is enforced effectively.³

However, the Department of Business Oversight does not currently have the power to Division 9.5 on any but a few licensed lenders. This trailer bill creates the framework needed to enforce it in the high-cost, unlicensed part of the of the market, but neglected to include Division 9.5.

Policy Recommendation: The enforcement powers discussed in section 90011 should include enforcement of Division 9.5 of the California Financial Code, so that the State of California and its small businesses benefit fully from the commercial financing disclosures.

As the California budget grapples with the impact of COVID, the state faces challenging decisions about the scale of government programs. Pulling back the proposed protections for small businesses, at their most vulnerable moment, would expose our communities to great harm. We urge you retain small business protections in the trailer bill, and pass that bill with these three proposed clarifications, so that our communities can recover safely. Please do not hesitate to contact us at info@borrowersbillofrights.org.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

- The Responsible Business Lending Coalition
 Members include: Accion Opportunity Fund, Community Investment Management, Funding
 Circle, LendingClub, Opportunity Finance Network, Opportunity Fund, Small Business Majority,
 StreetShares, and The Aspen Institute
- 2. Access Plus Capital
- 3. Accion San Diego
- 4. Agriculture & Land Based Training Association (ALBA)
- 5. AmPac Business Capital
- 6. AnewAmerica Community Corporation
- 7. Asian Pacific Islander Small Business Program
- 8. Bankers Small Business CDC of California
- 9. Bay Area Development Company
- 10. California Asset Building Coalition
- 11. The California Association for Micro Enterprise Opportunity (CAMEO)
- 12. California Capital Financial Development Corporation

³ http://www.borrowersbillofrights.org/sboscouldsavebusinessesanually.html

- 13. California Hispanic Chamber of Commerce
- 14. California Small Business Development Center (SBDC) Valley Community
- 15. CDC Small Business Finance
- 16. COOK Alliance
- 17. The CraneWorks
- 18. Economic Development & Financing Corporation
- 19. El Pajaro Community Development Corporation
- 20. Fondo Adelante, Mission Economic Development Agency
- 21. Fresno Area Hispanic Foundation
- 22. Funding Circle
- 23. Halo Business Finance Corp
- 24. The Greenlining Institute
- 25. Inclusive Action for the City
- 26. Inner City Advisors
- 27. Invest in Women Initiative
- 28. International Rescue Committee's Center for Economic Opportunity
- 29. Jefferson Economic Development Institute (JEDI)
- 30. LendingClub
- 31. Lighter Capital
- 32. Main Street Launch
- 33. Marian Doub Consulting
- 34. The Marketplace Lending Association
 Members include: LendingClub, Prosper, Funding Circle, Avant, Marlette Funding, Affirm,
 Common Bond, Upstart, Peer Street, Lending Point, College Ave, SoFi, and YieldStreet
- 35. Maximum Reach 4 Economic Equity
- 36. Multifunding
- 37. Opportunity Fund
- 38. Prospera Community Development
- 39. Public Law Center
- 40. Renaissance Entrepreneurship Center
- 41. San Francisco African American Chamber of Commerce (SFAACC)
- 42. Silver Lining
- 43. Small Business California
- 44. Small Business Majority
- 45. Wadeco Business Center
- 46. Women's Economic Ventures
- 47. Working Solutions

Cc: Senators Michell and Caballero